# Navigating the Journey to Behavioral Change Gaye Kerschner, Behavior Specialist Susan Kiley, School Psychologist Jared Piper, Autism Consultant, BCBA



# Learning Targets

- I can use a variety of data collection tools in order to tell a student's story (the what).
- I can prioritize the skills that need to be taught in collaboration with the student (the why).
- I can select interventions that can reduce global frustration and teach skills (the how).

# Overview of Our Journey

- Adjusting our lens through which we view the student drives our interventions.
- We must include adult concerns-what expectation is the student struggling to meet?
- Consider the setting events.
- What are the antecedents?
- Responses: What are the unsolved problems?
- Function: What are the student concerns?
- Skill and or Performance Deficit: The Lagging Skills.

Telling the Student's Story through Data Collection One perspective is not enough

# Step 1: The Interview/Defining Target Behaviors

- What are the student's strengths?
- Operationally define behaviors of concern
- Under what conditions does the behavior occur? Not occur?
- How do others respond to his behavior?



# Step 2: Choose the right tool:

Direct Assessments

- ABC Observations
- Environmental analysis
- Time sampling
- Scatterplot
- Questionnaires • Motivation assessments

• Anecdotal

Indirect Assessments • Record review

- Collaboration with student • Ziggurat
  - ALSUP

# Modified Scatterplot - defining levels

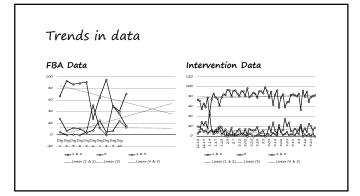


# Scatterplot on Steroids • 5 minute intervals (marked as needed) 800 805 810 815 820 825 830 835 840 845 830 855

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- Mark the highest level of
- behavior shown during the interval
- ٠ May also need corresponding anecdotal data

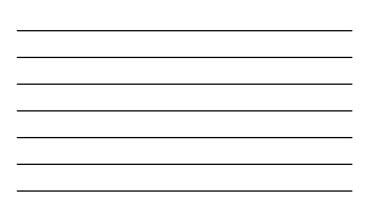


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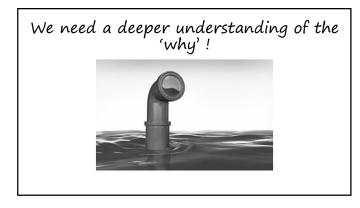
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| 2                           | Z     | 3     | 3     | 2         | Z          | 2             | 2             | 2                | 2     | 2                         | 2     |
| 2:45                        | 2:50  | 3:00  |       |           |            |               |               |                  |       |                           |       |
| 2                           | 2     | 2     | 1     |           |            |               |               |                  |       |                           |       |



# "I've been doing all of this already."

"And I always get the same thing. Escape and gain attention..."









# Step 2: Choose the right tool:

Direct Assessments

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- Environmental analysis
  - Questionnaires
- Time sampling • Scatterplot
- Motivation assessments

• Anecdotal

Indirect Assessments • Record review

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# Digging Deeper with THE STUDENT



# Strategies for Digging Deeper

### Reflection

"What I hear you saying is that math is really hard for you. What do you mean?"

# Observation

"I've noticed that when you are asked to work with your partner in math that it is really difficult for you-can you tell me more about that?"

# Strategies for Digging Deeper

# Narrowing in

I've noticed that you are doing really well In Mr. Smith's class but not in Miss Jones' class. Can you tell me what is different?"

# Break it down

- I've noticed that English class is really hard for you.
- Is the reading part hard? • Is the writing part hard?
- Is the thinking part hard?

# Triggers: 2015-2016

- School anxiety- I get the feeling "ugh I have to sit through another day at school"
- I have trouble in both Social Studies and Language Arts. The work is overwhelming and hard.
- <u>Math</u> is all hard I don't understand any of it.
- · Tests are all hard because I didn't understand most of it to start with
- <u>Writing</u> is hard both short and long answers. Reading words is easy; Understanding what I read is hard.
- Lunch: café is too loud
- <u>Peers:</u> I don't like to go to SS or LA because of the people in the room
- I'd rather work 1-1 then in a large group
- I like to know what I have to do before going into class
- I don't like to be touched.

# Tales from the Middle

"Dustin" is an eighth grade student who when he came to school, he came in late. When he came in late, he often sat at a desk with his head down. He engaged in self-injurious behaviors. He was disconnected. He had full blown panic attacks...

# The Data is Complex and so are the Needs!

Dusty has difficulty completing math tasks at grade level.

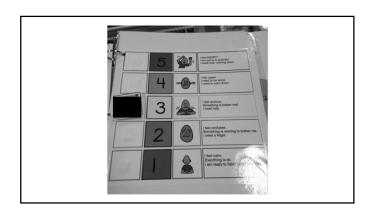
Dusty is not able to focus on the instruction when the material is presented above his skill set.

- Dusty has difficulty maintaining focus on non-preferred activities in the academic setting.
- Dusty has difficulty asking for help when his approach to solving a problem is not working for him

Dusty has difficulty entering his social studies class because he believes that his peers are judging him and that he is not competent

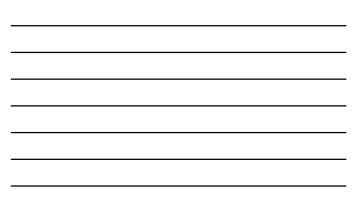
Dusty has difficulty entering his language arts class because he believes that his peers are judging him and that he is not competent.











| I can handle<br>this. This<br>doesn't bother | This might make<br>me feel<br>uncomfortable. | This could make<br>me nervous. | This can make me<br>really nervous or<br>upset! | This can make me<br>lose control!!!! |
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# Nearly 20 years ago.....

"If a child doesn't know how to read, we teach." "If a child doesn't know how to swim, we teach." "If a child doesn't know how to multiply, we teach."

"If a child doesn't know how to drive, we teach."

"If a child doesn't know how to behave, we... teach? ...punish?" Why can't we finish the last sentence as automatically as we do the others?

Tom Herner, 1998.



Reducing frustration and teaching new skills through Evidence Based Practices



# Reducing Global Frustration

We once had a student tell us that when in crisis, her IQ drops 30 points. If we want our students to be available for learning new social-emotional skills, then we need to reduce their frustration level.



# Prioritizing

We can't work on all challenging behaviors or lagging skills at once. Prioritizing which behaviors you will work on will also help you know which behaviors you will let go of, for now, in order to reduce the student's global frustration.



- Social Coaching A proactive approach to teaching social skills in the natural setting while preventing disruptive behavior
- If we escalate the discipline, we will escalate the problem
- Social skill taught in isolation often don't carry over to the natural setting without deliberate teaching



# Differentiate

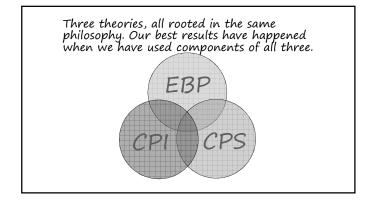
Many behavioral challenges stem from academic struggles. When you dig deeper and examine the specific reason for the struggle, you can adjust your instruction for academic success while addressing a lagging skill.

How we see the student, has a direct effect on the intervention we choose.



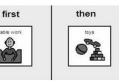
Using the right lens helps us choose the right strategy.





# Evidence Based Practices

- Visual Supports
- Social Narratives
- Task Analysis
- Video Modeling
- Self-management
- Social Skills Training



# Collaborative and Proactive Solutions

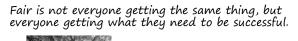
- Identifying and prioritizing lagging skills
- Collaborating with student to dig deeper and find out what is really getting in there way
- Reducing some demands to reduce global frustration while new skills are being acquired



# Crisis Prevention and Intervention

- Emphasis is on recognizing signs of anxiety to intervene early
- Paraverbal communication
- Limit setting through establishing boundaries
- De-escalation strategies







Fair is not everyone getting the same thing, but everyone getting what they need to be successful.





